# SAFETY DATA SHEET



## 1. Identification

TOTALBOAT LLC 17 Peckham Drive	<b>TRANSPORTATION EMERGE</b> CALL INFOTRAC:	NCY (800) 535-5053
Bristol, RI 02809 800-497-0010 USA	NON-TRANSPORTATION	
UDA	Emergency Phone:	Call Infotrac (800) 535-5053
Product Name:	TotalBoat Cast N Turn Urethane Casting Resin - Side B	
Material Number:	TB-0878, TB-0880	
Chemical Family:	Aliphatic Diisocyanate Prepolymer	
Use:	Raw material for coatings, adhesives, sealants, or elastomers in industrial applications	
<b>Restrictions on use:</b>	Do-It-Yourself Applications	

## 2. Hazards Identification

## **GHS** Classification

GHS Classification		
Acute toxicity (Inhalation):	Category 2	
Specific target organ toxicity -	Category 3 (Respiratory system)	
single exposure:	Catagory 1	
Respiratory sensitisation: Skin irritation:	Category 1	
	Category 2	
Skin sensitisation:	Category 1	
<b>GHS Label Elements</b>		
Hazard pictograms:		
Signal word:	Danger	
Hazard statements:	Fatal if inhaled.	
	May cause respiratory irritation.	
	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing	difficulties if
	inhaled.	
	Causes skin irritation.	
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
<b>D</b>	-	
Precautionary statements:	Prevention:	
	Do not breathe dust, mist, gas, vapors or spray.	
	Do not oreatile dust, mist, gas, vapors or spray.	

TOTALBOAT	
	Wash skin and face thoroughly after handling.
	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the
	workplace.
	Wear protective gloves.
	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. The
	type of respiratory protection selected must comply with the
	requirements set forth in OSHA's Respiratory Protection Standard (29
	CFR 1910.134) or regional standards. For additional details, see
	section 8 of the SDS.
	Response:
	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a
	position comfortable for breathing.
	Immediately call a doctor or emergency medical facility (i.e., 911).
	Storage:
	Store in a well-ventilated place.
	Store locked up.
	Keep container tightly closed.
	Disposal:
	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with existing federal,
	state, and local environmental control laws.
	state, and local environmental control laws.

## **3.** Composition/Information on Ingredients

#### **Hazardous Components**

Concentration	Components	CAS-No.
80 - 100%	Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-Diisocyanate	5124-30-1
10 - 30%	Polyurethane Prepolymer	CAS# is a trade
		secret

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of component(s) have been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First Aid Measures

#### Most Important Symptom(s)/Effect(s)

Acute: Isocyanate vapors or mist at concentrations above the exposure limits or guidelines can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) with symptoms of runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing difficulty). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyperreactivity can respond to concentrations below the exposure limits or guidelines with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack or asthma-like symptoms. Exposure well above the exposure limits or guidelines may lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). Chemical or hypersensitivity pneumonitis, with flu-like symptoms (e.g. fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure. These effects are usually reversible.

Causes skin irritation with symptoms of reddening, itching, and swelling. Can cause sensitization.

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Persons previously sensitized can experience allergic skin reaction with symptoms of reddening, itching, swelling, and rash. Cured material is difficult to remove.

May cause eye irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, stinging, and swelling. Vapor or aerosol may cause irritation with symptoms of burning and tearing.

May cause irritation of the digestive tract; Symptoms may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Delayed: Symptoms affecting the respiratory tract can also occur several hours after overexposure.

#### Eye Contact

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Use lukewarm water if possible. Use fingers to ensure that eyelids are separated and that the eye is being irrigated. Then remove contact lenses, if easily removable, and continue eye irrigation for not less than 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact**

If direct skin contact with isocyanates occurs, immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wipe off the isocyanate product from the skin using dry towels or other similar absorbent fabric. If readily available, apply a polyglycol-based cleanser (e.g. Colorimetric Laboratories, Inc. (CLI) D-TAM<sup>TM</sup> Skin Cleanser) or corn oil. Wash with soap and warm water and pat dry. If a polyglycol-based cleanser is not available, wash with soap and warm water for 15 minutes. If available, use a wipe test pad to verify decontamination is complete (e.g. CLI SWYPE<sup>TM</sup>). Get medical attention if irritation develops. Discard or wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### Inhalation

Move to an area free from further exposure. Extreme asthmatic reactions that may occur in sensitized persons can be life threatening. Get medical attention immediately. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Asthmatic symptoms may develop and may be immediate or delayed up to several hours.

#### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Wash mouth out with water. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

#### Notes to Physician

Eyes: Stain for evidence of corneal injury. If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic/steroid preparation as needed. Workplace vapors could produce reversible corneal epithelial edema impairing vision. Skin: This compound is a skin sensitizer. Treat symptomatically as for contact dermatitis or thermal burn. Ingestion: Treat symptomatically. There is no specific antidote. Inducing vomiting is contraindicated because of the irritating nature of the compound. Inhalation: Treatment is essentially symptomatic. An individual having a dermal or pulmonary sensitization reaction to this material should be removed from further exposure to any diisocyanate.

## 5. Firefighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam, water spray for large fires.		
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:	High volume water jet		
Fire Fighting Procedure Firefighters should wear NFPA compliant structural firefighting protective equipment, including self-			
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contained breathing apparatus and NFPA compliant helmet, hood, boots and gloves. Avoid contact with product. Decontaminate equipment and protective clothing prior to reuse. During a fire, isocyanate vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Exposure to heated diisocyanate can be extremely dangerous.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

By Fire and High Heat: Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), dense black smoke., Hydrogen cyanide, Isocyanate, Isocyanic Acid, Other undetermined compounds

#### **Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards**

Closed container may forcibly rupture under extreme heat or when contents are contaminated with water (CO2 formed). Use cold-water spray to cool fire-exposed containers to minimize the risk of rupture. Large fires can be extinguished with large volumes of water applied from a safe distance, since reaction between water and hot diisocyanate can be vigorous.

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

## Spill and Leak Procedures

Implement site emergency response plan. Evacuate non-emergency personnel. The magnitude of the evacuation depends upon the quantity released, site conditions, and the ambient temperature. Isolate the area and prevent access of unauthorized personnel. Notify management. Call INFOTRAC at 1-800-535-5053 for assistance and advice.

Wear necessary personal protective equipment (PPE) as specified in the SDS or the site emergency response plan. Ventilate and remove ignition sources. Control the source of the leak. Contain the released material by damming, diking, retaining, or diverting into an appropriate containment area. Absorb or pump off as much of the spilled material as possible. When using absorbent, completely cover the spill area with suitable absorbent material (e.g., vermiculite, kitty litter, Oil-Dri®, etc...). Allow for the absorbent material to absorb the spilled liquid. Shovel the absorbent material into an approved metal container (i.e., 55-gallon salvage drum). Do not fill the container more than 2/3 full to allow for expansion, and do not tighten the lid on the container. Repeat application of absorbent material until all liquid has been removed from the surface. For spills involving a solid product, remove mechanically (sweep up, vacuum, shovel etc.) and collect and place into an approved metal container.

Decontaminate the spill surface area using a neutralization solution (see list of solutions on the SDS); scrubbing the surface with a broom or brush helps the decontamination solution to penetrate into porous surfaces. Wait at least 15 minutes after first application of the neutralization solution. Cover the area with absorbent material and shovel this into an approved metal container. Residual surface contamination can be checked using a wipe test pad to verify decontamination is complete (e.g. CLI Surface Swype<sup>TM</sup>). If the wipe test pad demonstrates that isocyanate remains on the surface (red color on pad), repeat applications of neutralization solution, with scrubbing, followed by absorbent until the surface is decontaminated (no color change on wipe pad). Apply lid loosely to metal waste container (do not tighten the lid because carbon dioxide gas and heat can be generated from the neutralization process). With the lid still loosely in place, move the container to an isolated, well-ventilated area to allow release of carbon dioxide. After 72 hours, seal the container, and properly dispose of the waste material and any contaminated equipment (i.e., broom or brush) in accordance with existing federal, state and local regulations.

#### Additional Spill Procedures/Neutralization

Products or product mixtures that have been shown to be effective neutralization solutions for decontaminating surfaces, tools, or equipment that have been in contact with an isocyanate include, but are not limited to:

·Colorimetric Laboratories, Inc. (CLI): 1-847-803-3737

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·Spartan Chemical Company: 1-800-537-8990 o Spartan® ShineLine Emulsifier Plus (stripping solution) o Spartan® SC-200 Heavy Duty Cleaner ·ZEP Commercial Heavy Duty Floor Stripper A mixture of 90% water, 10% non-ionic surfactant (e.g. Plurafac SL-62, Tergitol TMN-10) A mixture of 75% water, 20% non-ionic surfactant, and 5% n-propanol A mixture of 80% water, 10% non-ionic surfactant, 5% isopropanol, 5% ammonium hydroxide (household ammonia)

o Isocyanate Decontamination Solution

Note: Always wear proper PPE when cleaning up an isocyanate spill or when decontaminating surfaces, tools, or equipment using a neutralization solution. It may take two or more applications of the neutralization solution to decontaminate the surface. Residual surface contamination can be checked using a surface wipe method such as the CLI Swype<sup>™</sup> pad.

#### 7. Handling and Storage

## Handling/Storage Precautions

Do not breathe vapors, mists, or dusts. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne isocyanate levels below the exposure limits. Wear respiratory protection if material is heated, sprayed, used in a confined space, or if the exposure limit is exceeded. Warning properties (irritation of the eyes, nose and throat or odor) are not adequate to prevent overexposure from inhalation. This material can produce asthmatic sensitization upon either single inhalation exposure to a relatively high concentration or upon repeated inhalation exposures to lower concentrations. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior allergic reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate eye and skin protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not breathe smoke and gases created by overheating or burning this material. Decomposition products can be highly toxic and irritating. Store in tightly closed containers to prevent moisture contamination. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected.

## Storage Period:

6 Months: after receipt of material by customer

Storage Temperature	
Minimum:	25 °C (77 °F)
Maximum:	50 °C (122 °F)

## **Storage Conditions**

Ideal storage temperature range is 86 - 104 F (30 - 40 C) Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-Diisocyanate (HMDI) is stored for prolonged periods at or below a temperature of 77 F (25 C), crystallization and settling of the isomer may occur. Storage in a cold warehouse can cause crystals to form. These crystals can settle to the bottom of the container. If crystals do form, they can be melted easily with moderate heat. It is suggested that a container the size of a drum be warmed for 16-24 hours at 104-122 F (40-50 C). When the crystals are melted, the container should be agitated by rolling or stirring, until the contents are homogenous. Since heated Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-Diisocyanate (HMDI) (104-122 F (40-50 C)) will generate vapors more rapidly than product stored at 77 F (25 C), be sure to follow the precautions under the Personal Protection section of the SDS whenever opening a heated Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-Diisocyanate (HMDI) container.

#### Substances to Avoid

Water, Amines, Strong bases, Alcohols, Copper alloys

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#### 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

The recommendations in this section should not be a substitute for a personal protective equipment (PPE) assessment performed by the employer as required by 29 CFR 1910 Subpart I.

#### **Exposure Limits**

Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-Diisocyanate (5124-30-1)

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Time weighted average 0.005 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Time weighted average 0.005 ppm

Any component which is listed in section 3 and is not listed in this section does not have a known ACGIH TLV, OSHA PEL or supplier recommended occupational exposure limit.

#### Industrial Hygiene/Ventilation Measures

TotalBoat strongly urges prevention of skin contact with all materials containing monomeric Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-Diisocyanate (HMDI), including adducts, prepolymers and formulations based on Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-Diisocyanate (HMDI). Since spray application increases the potential for skin contact, stringent precautions must be taken to ensure the safety of the persons involved with the spray application as well as other persons working in the area who have the potential for skin contact with the uncured material. For additional information on Work/Hygiene Procedures, Skin Protection, Ventilation and Respiratory Protection Requirements, see Covestro's booklet "Desmodur W Aliphatic Diisocyanate Health and Safety Information." Local exhaust should be used to maintain levels below the TLV whenever this diisocyanate is heated, sprayed, or aerosolized.

#### **Respiratory Protection**

Airborne Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-Diisocyanate (HMDI) concentrations greater than the appropriate standard/guideline can occur in inadequately ventilated environments when Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-Diisocyanate (HMDI) is sprayed, aerosolized, or heated. In such cases, respiratory protection must be worn. The type of respiratory protection selected must comply with the requirements set forth in OSHA's Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR1910.134). The type of respiratory protection available includes (1) an atmosphere-supplying respirator such as a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a supplied air respirator (SAR) in the positive pressure or continuous flow mode, or (2) an air-purifying respirator (APR). If an APR is selected, the following conditions must be met:(1) (a) the cartridge must be equipped with an end-of-service life indicator (ESLI) certified by NIOSH, or(1) (b) a change out schedule, based on objective information or data that will ensure that the cartridges are changed out before the end of their service life, must be developed and implemented. The basis for the change out schedule must be described in the written respirator program, and (2) the airborne Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-Diisocyanate (HMDI) concentration must be no greater than 10 times the appropriate standard/guideline. The recommended APR cartridge is an organic vapor/particulate filter combination cartridge (OV/P100).

#### **Hand Protection**

Ensure gloves remain in good condition during use and replace if any deterioration is observed.

Gloves should be worn., Nitrile rubber gloves., Butyl rubber gloves., Neoprene gloves

#### **Eye Protection**

When directly handling liquid product, eye protection is required. Examples of eye protection include a chemical safety goggle, or chemical safety goggle in combination with a full face shield when there is a greater risk of splash.

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#### Skin Protection

Any area of skin that could potentially come in contact with this diisocyanate, or a formulation containing this diisocyanate, must be covered by a permeation resistant barrier (e.g., butyl or nitrile rubber gloves, neoprene apron, chemical suit, etc.). When there is potential for a major splash directly onto the skin, such as when breaking into lines, a full chemical suit is required. When the application results in airborne vapor or mist, a full permeation resistant suit, including head covering, faceshield, gloves and overshoes, is required. Animal tests and other research indicate that skin contact with diisocyanates can play a role in causing isocyanate sensitization and respiratory reaction., This data reinforces the need to prevent direct skin contact with isocyanates.

#### Medical Surveillance

All applicants who are assigned to an isocyanate work area should undergo a pre-placement medical evaluation. A history of eczema or respiratory allergies such as hay fever, are possible reasons for medical exclusion from isocyanate areas. Applicants who have a history of adult asthma should be restricted from work with isocyanates. Applicants with a history of prior isocyanate sensitization should be excluded from further work with isocyanates. A comprehensive annual medical surveillance program should be instituted for all employees who are potentially exposed to diisocyanates. Once a worker has been diagnosed as sensitized to any isocyanate, no further exposure can be permitted.

#### **Additional Protective Measures**

Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be available. Educate and train employees in the safe use and handling of this product. Follow all label instructions.

#### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

State of Matter:	liquid	
Color:	Clear to yellow	
Odor:	Odorless	
Odor Threshold:	No Data Available	
pH:	No Data Available	
Freezing Point:	No Data Available	
Boiling Point:	No Data Available	
Flash Point:	187 °C (368.6 °F) (ASTM D 93)	
Evaporation Rate:	No Data Available	
Lower explosion limit:	No Data Available	
Upper Explosion Limit:	No Data Available	
Vapor Pressure:	No Data Available	
Vapor Density:	No Data Available	
Density:	No Data Available	
<b>Relative Vapor Density:</b>	No Data Available	
Specific Gravity:	1.0788 @ 25 °C (77 °F)	
Solubility in Water:	No Data Available	
Partition Coefficient: n-	No Data Available	
octanol/water:		
Auto-ignition Temperature:	No Data Available	
<b>Decomposition Temperature:</b>	No Data Available	
Dynamic Viscosity:	243.2 mPa.s @ 26 °C (78.8 °F)	
	42.7 mPa.s @ 60 °C (140 °F)	
	17.1 mPa.s @ 100 °C (212 °F)	
Kinematic Viscosity:	No Data Available	
Bulk Density:	1,079 kg/m3	
Self Ignition:	not applicable	
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#### 10. Stability and Reactivity

### **Hazardous Reactions**

Contact with moisture, other materials that react with isocyanates, or temperatures above 350 F (177 C), may cause polymerization, Moisture (water and high humidity) or high heat (temperatures greater than 350 F (177C)) can cause pressure build-up with possible explosive rupture.

#### Materials to Avoid

Water, Amines, Strong bases, Alcohols, Copper alloys

### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

By Fire and High Heat: Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), dense black smoke., Hydrogen cyanide, Isocyanate, Isocyanic Acid, Other undetermined compounds

**11. Toxicological Information** 

Likely Routes of Exposure:

Skin Contact Inhalation Eye Contact

## Health Effects and Symptoms

Acute: Isocyanate vapors or mist at concentrations above the exposure limits or guidelines can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) with symptoms of runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing difficulty). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyperreactivity can respond to concentrations below the exposure limits or guidelines with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack or asthma-like symptoms. Exposure well above the exposure limits or guidelines may lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). Chemical or hypersensitivity pneumonitis, with flu-like symptoms (e.g. fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure. These effects are usually reversible.

Causes skin irritation with symptoms of reddening, itching, and swelling. Can cause sensitization. Persons previously sensitized can experience allergic skin reaction with symptoms of reddening, itching, swelling, and rash. Cured material is difficult to remove.

May cause eye irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, stinging, and swelling. Vapor or aerosol may cause irritation with symptoms of burning and tearing.

May cause irritation of the digestive tract; Symptoms may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

**Chronic:** As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals may develop sensitization to isocyanates (asthma or asthma-like symptoms) that may cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanates at levels well below the exposure limits or guidelines. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Extreme asthmatic reactions can be life threatening. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air, or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Sensitization can be permanent.

Prolonged contact with skin can cause reddening, swelling, rash, and, in some cases, skin sensitization. Animal tests and other research indicate that skin contact with isocyanates can play a role in causing isocyanate sensitization and respiratory reaction. This data reinforces the need to prevent direct skin

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contact with isocyanates.

Prolonged vapor contact with the eyes may cause conjunctivitis.

Delayed: Symptoms affecting the respiratory tract can also occur several hours after overexposure.

#### Toxicity Data for: TotalBoat Cast N Turn Urethane Casting Resin - Side B

Data on the product is not available.

Please find the data available for the components.

Acute Oral Toxicity Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg (Calculation method)

**Acute Inhalation Toxicity** Acute toxicity estimate: 0.43 mg/l, 4 h, dust/mist (Calculation method)

#### **Toxicity Data for: Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-Diisocyanate**

Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: 18,200 mg/kg (rat, male/female)

Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 0.434 mg/l, 4 h, dust/mist (rat, male/female) (OECD Test Guideline 403)

**Acute Dermal Toxicity** LD50: > 7,000 mg/kg (rat, male/female) (OECD Test Guideline 402)

Skin Irritation rabbit, OECD Test Guideline 404, irritating

**Eye Irritation** rabbit, OECD Test Guideline 405, slight irritant

## Sensitization

inhalation: sensitizer (Guinea pig)

dermal: sensitizer (Mouse, Mouse ear swelling test)

Skin sensitisation according to Magnusson/Kligmann (maximizing test):: positive (Guinea pig, OECD Test Guideline 406)

dermal: sensitizer (Human)

#### **Repeated Dose Toxicity**

13 w, Inhalative: NOAEL: 3 mg/m3, (rat, male/female, 6 hours a day, 5 days a week) Evidence of damage to organs other than the organs of respiration was not found.

#### Mutagenicity

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro: Salmonella/microsome test (Ames test): No indication of mutagenic effects. (Metabolic Activation: with/without) In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test: negative (Chinese hamster V79 cell line, Metabolic Activation: with/without)

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Chromosome aberration test in vitro: negative (Chinese hamster V79 cell line, Metabolic Activation: with/without)

### **Toxicity to Reproduction/Fertility**

Inhalative, 6 hours/day 7 days/week, (rat, male/female) NOAEL (parental): 1 mg/m3,

#### **Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity**

rat, female, Inhalative, 6 hours/day 7 days/week, NOAEL (teratogenicity): 6 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, NOAEL (maternal): 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

### Toxicity Data for: Polyurethane Prepolymer

**Toxicity Note** Data is based on a similar product.

Acute Oral Toxicity LD50: 18,200 mg/kg (rat, male/female)

Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 0.33 mg/l, 4 h, dust/mist (rat, male/female) (OECD Test Guideline 403)

#### **Acute Dermal Toxicity**

LD50: > 7,000 mg/kg (rat, male/female) (OECD Test Guideline 402)

#### Skin Irritation

rabbit, OECD Test Guideline 404, Exposure Time: 4 h, irritating

#### **Eye Irritation**

rabbit, OECD Test Guideline 405, slight irritant

## Sensitization

Skin sensitisation according to Magnusson/Kligmann (maximizing test):: positive (Guinea pig, OECD Test Guideline 406)

Respiratory sensitization: positive Classification according to Directive 2006/121/EC Annex VI

#### **Repeated Dose Toxicity**

13 w, Inhalative: NOAEL: 3 mg/m3, (rat, male/female, 6 hours a day, 5 days a week) Evidence of damage to organs other than the organs of respiration was not found.

## Mutagenicity

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro: Salmonella/microsome test (Ames test): No indication of mutagenic effects. (Metabolic Activation: with/without) In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test: negative (Chinese hamster V79 cell line, Metabolic Activation: with/without) Chromosome aberration test in vitro: negative (Chinese hamster V79 cell line, Metabolic Activation: with/without)

## **Toxicity to Reproduction/Fertility**

Inhalative, 6 hours/day 7 days/week, (rat, male/female) NOAEL (parental): 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>,

## **Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity**

rat, female, Inhalative, 6 hours/day 7 days/week, NOAEL (teratogenicity): 6 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, NOAEL (maternal): 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

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#### Carcinogenicity:

No carcinogenic substances as defined by IARC, NTP and/or OSHA

### **12. Ecological Information**

#### Ecological Data for: TotalBoat Cast N Turn Urethane Casting Resin - Side B

Data on the product is not available.Please find the data available for the components.

## Ecological Data for Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-Diisocyanate

Biodegradation

aerobic, 0 %, Exposure time: 28 Days, Not readily biodegradable.

## **Theoretical Biological Oxygen Demand (ThBOD)**

2,195 mg/g

## Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish

LC50: 1.2 mg/l (Zebra fish (Brachydanio rerio), 96 h)

#### Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

EC0: > 8.3 mg/l (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h)

#### **Toxicity to Aquatic Plants**

EC50: > 5 mg/l, End Point: growth (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 h)

### Toxicity to Microorganisms

EC50: 19 mg/l, (Activated sludge microorganisms, 3 h)

#### **Ecological Data for Polyurethane Prepolymer**

#### **Biodegradation** aerobic, 0 %, Exposure time: 28 d, i.e. not readily degradable

Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish LC0: >= 8.1 mg/l (Danio rerio (zebra fish), 96 h)

#### Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates EC0: >= 8.3 mg/l (Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 h)

**Toxicity to Microorganisms** EC50: 191 mg/l, (activated sludge, 3 h)

#### Additional Ecotoxicological Remarks

Data is based on a similar product.

## **13. Disposal Considerations**

#### Waste Disposal Method

Waste disposal should be in accordance with existing federal, state and local environmental control laws. Incineration is the preferred method.

## **Empty Container Precautions**

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Empty containers retain product residue; observe all precautions for product. Do not heat or cut empty container with electric or gas torch because highly toxic vapors and gases are formed. Do not reuse without thorough commercial cleaning and reconditioning. If container is to be disposed, ensure all product residues are removed prior to disposal.

## **14. Transportation Information**

## Land transport (DOT)

**Proper Shipping Name:** 

TOTALBOAT

Hazard Class or Division: UN/NA Number: **Packaging Group:** Hazard Label(s):

Other regulated substances, liquid, n.o.s. (contains Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-Diisocyanate) NA3082 III CLASS 9

Sea transport (IMDG) Non-Regulated

Air transport (ICAO/IATA) **Proper Shipping Name:** 

Hazard Class or Division: **UN number:** Packaging Group: Hazard Label(s):

Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s. (contains Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-Diisocyanate) UN3334 III **MISCELLANEOUS** 

## **15. Regulatory Information**

## **United States Federal Regulations**

**US. Toxic Substances Control Act:** 

Listed on the Active Portion of the TSCA Inventory.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

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#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302) Components: None

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Refer to hazard classification information in Section 2.

US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 355, Appendix A) Components: None

US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372.65) - Supplier Notification Required Components: Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-Diisocyanate

## US. EPA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Composite List of Hazardous Wastes and Appendix VIII Hazardous Constituents (40 CFR 261):

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the person who generates a solid waste, as defined in 40 CFR 261.2, to determine if that waste is a hazardous waste.

## **State Right-To-Know Information**

Material Name: TotalBoat Cast N Turn Urethane Casting Resin - Side B

TB-0878, TB-0880

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egulatory requiren	ns of the SDS may also be applicable for nents you should contact the appropriate a	
Massachusetts, Ne	w Jersey or Pennsylvania Right to Kno	ow Substance Lists:
Concentration	Components	CAS-No.
80 - 100%	Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-	5124-30-1
	Diisocyanate	
10 - 30%	Polyurethane Prepolymer	CAS# is a trade secret
		nd/or New Jersey RTK Special Hazardous <u>C</u> AS-No.
Substances Lists: <u>Concentration</u> 80 - 100%	<u>Components</u> Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'- Diisocyanate	5124-30-1

Based on information provided by our suppliers, this product is considered "DRC Conflict Free" as defined by the SEC Conflict Minerals Final Rule (Release No. 34-67716; File No. S7-40-10; Date: 2012-08-22).

Chemical Facility Anti-terrorism Standard (CFATS, 6 CFR Part 27).

## 16. Other Information

TOT

The method of hazard communication for TotalBoat LLC is comprised of product labels and safety data sheets.

The handling of products containing reactive HMDI polyisocyanate/prepolymer and/or monomeric HMDI requires appropriate protective measures referred to in this SDS. These products are therefore recommended only for use in industrial or trade (commercial) applications. They are not suitable for use in Do-It-Yourself applications.

oduct Safety Department
2) 413-2835
/28/2019

Information contained in this SDS is believed to be accurate but is furnished without warranty, express or implied, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. The information relates only to the specific material designated herein. TotalBoat LLC assumes no legal responsibility for use of or reliance upon the information in this SDS and such information shall in no case be considered a part of our terms and conditions of sale. The user is responsible for determining whether the TotalBoat product is suitable for user's method of use or application. TotalBoat is not liable for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this SDS or for any misuse of the product.

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Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

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